

V. Shivkumar & Associates Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of PF Overseas Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **PF Overseas Limited**. ('the Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March, 2025, loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

* FRI 12781W MUMBAL-400053. * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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V. Shivkumar & Associates Chartered Accountants

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on
 whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures
 made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the
 financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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Chartered Accountants

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

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- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c. the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account; and
- d. in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- a) Company does not have any pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements. Therefore, the same is not disclosed.
- b) The Company has not made any provision, since there is no material foreseeable losses, on any, long-term contracts including derivative contracts, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards
- c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company. Since the company is a private limited, therefore this point is not applicable.
- d) (i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate
 - (ii) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries and

120, Damji Shamji Udyog Bhavan, First Floor, Veera Desai Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai- 400 053. Telefax : 2673 4852, 2673 4928, 2673 4960, E-mail : vsk@vsaca.com, shivkumar@vsaca.com



V. Shivkumar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

(iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material mis-statement.

e) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the company is in compliance with section 123 of the Companies

Place: Mumbai Date: 16th May 2025

UDIN: 25042673BMGHGI5211

For V. Shivkumar & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN No.: 112781W

> V. Shivkumar Proprietor

PF OVERSEAS LTD STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

			USD
		Year en	ded
	Notes	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Income			
Expenses	8 _	(33,300)	(39,372)
Loss before tax		(33,300)	(39,372)
Tax	_	-	-
Loss after tax		(33,300)	(39,372)
Other comprehensive income	_		_
Total comprehensive loss for the year	=	(33,300)	(39,372)
Loss per share	_	(333)	(394)
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As per our report of even date For V. Shivkumar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 112781W

FRN 1 381W MUMBAI-400853.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

V. Shivkumar (Proprietor)

Membership No. 042673

Mumbai

May 16, 2025

UDIN: 25042673BMGHGI5211

PF OVERSEAS LTD **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2025**

			USI
		As	71.70
Assets	Notes	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Assets			
Non- current assets	8		
Investment	3	1,88,10,788	1,88,10,788
Other financial assets	_	-	1,00,10,788
Current assets	i i	1,88,10,788	1,88,10,788
Cash and bank balances	140		
Other financial assets	4 5	1,210	1,210
outer mandal assets	5 _	2,44,25,385	2,44,50,062
		2,44,26,595	2,44,51,272
Total assets	-	4,32,37,383	4,32,62,060
Financed by:			
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Stated capital	6	4,24,39,497	4,24,39,497
Other equity	6	7,56,175	7,89,474
Total equity		4,31,95,672	4,32,28,971
Current liabilities			
Other payables	7 _	41,711	33,088
		41,711	33,088
Total equity and liabilities		4,32,37,383	4,32,62,060
	_		

As per our report of even date
For V. Shivkumar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 112781W

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

V. Shivkumar

(Proprietor) Membership No. 042673

Mumbai

May 16, 2025 UDIN: 25042673BMGHGI5211

PF OVERSEAS LTD STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Equity Share	Security Premium	Optionaly Convertible Preference Shares	Accumulated Loss	USD
Balance at 1 April 2023	113	9,99,987	4,19,39,384	(1,71,141)	4,27,68,344
Addition during the year	-	-	5,00,000	. 1	5,00,000
Redemption during the year		-	-		
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-		-	(39,372)	(39,372)
Balance at 31 March 2024	113	9,99,987	4,24,39,384	(2,10,513)	4,32,28,971
Addition during the year	-	-		-	1,02,20,071
Redemption during the year	-	-	-	_	
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-			(33,300)	(33,300)
Balance at 31 March 2025	113	9,99,987	4,24,39,384	(2,43,812)	4,31,95,672

As per our report of even date For V. Shivkumar & Associates Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 112781W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Musemul V. Shivkumar (Proprietor)

Membership No. 042673

Mumbai

May 16, 2025 UDIN: 25042673BMGHGI5211

PF OVERSEAS LTD STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1	۱	C	n

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2025		
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss for the year	(33,300)	(39,372)	
Premium on redemption of OCPS	-		
Operating loss before working capital changes	(33,300)	(39,372)	
(Increase)/Decrease in other receivables	51,24,677	74,49,838	
Increase in Payables & other payables	(50,91,377)	(79,10,366)	
Net cash from operating activities	(0)	(4,99,900)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issuance of equity shares including premium			
Proceeds from issuance of preference shares		5,00,000	
Redemption of preference shares		-	
Premium paid on redemption of OCPS			
Net Cash from investing activities	•	5,00,000	
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents	(0)	100	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,210	1,110	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,210	1,210	
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:			
Cash and bank balances	1,210	1,210	

HARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

As per our report of even date For V. Shivkumar & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 112781W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

V. Shivkumar

(Proprietor)

Membership No. 042673

Mumbai

May 16, 2025

UDIN: 25042673BMGHGI5211

1. Corporate information

PF Overseas Ltd (the "Company") was incorporated in the Republic of Mauritius on 20 June 2011 as a private company with liability limited by shares in accordance with the Companies Act 2001. The Company holds a Category 1, Global Business Licence as issued by the Financial Services Commission and is governed by the Financial Services Act 2007. The Company's registered office is at C/O Amicorp Mauritius Limited, 6th Floor, Tower I, Nexteracom Buildings, Ebene. Mauritius.

The principal activity of the Company is to act as an investment holding company.

2. Statement of significant accounting policies:

a. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (herein after referred to as 'Ind AS'). The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these standalone financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of IND AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of IND AS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in IND AS 2 or value in use in IND AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurements in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- · Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active matters for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- · Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

b. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

c. Dividend income and interest income

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Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

d. Foreign currencies

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In preparing the financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

 exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for further productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;

exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks.

e. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flow (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

f. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences arise from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

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Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the

g. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

h. Cash Flow statements

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information

3. INVESTMENT		US
	As	at
Investments in Equity Shares	31 March 2025	31 March 202
DNEG Sarl		
Opening balance		
Additions	1,88,10,788	1,88,10,78
		(4)
	1,88,10,788	1,88,10,78
During the previous year, Prime Focus World N.V. ('PFW'), got mer equity shares of Prime Focus World N.V. were swapped with 1,432	rged with its parent DNEG Sårl ,645 DNEG Sarl equity shares.	and 372,223
4. CASH & BANK BALANCES		US
	As	
0-1:1	31 March 2025	
Cash in hand	100	100
Balance in bank	1,110	1,110
	1,210	1,210
5. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS		
		USI
	As :	
Receivable from group companies	31 March 2025 3 2,44,25,385	
	2,44,25,385	2,44,50,062 2,44,50,062
	2,44,20,363	2,44,50,062
6a. STATED CAPITAL		USI
	As a	at
ssued and fully paid	31 March 2025 3	1 March 2024
13 ordinary shares of USD 1 each (Previous year:- 113)	113	113
	113	113
b. OPTIONALY CONVERTIBLE PREFERENCE SHARES		=
TOTAL TOTAL PREFERENCE SHARES		USD
	As a	
Opening balance	31 March 2025 3	
Current year addition / (deletion)	4,24,39,384	4,19,39,384
	4,24,39,384	5,00,000 4,24,39,384
	4,24,00,304	4,24,39,364
c. SECURITY PREMIUM		USD
	As a	
Description to the second	31 March 2025 3	
pening balance	9,99,987	9,99,987
urrent year addition	-	
	9,99,987	9,99,987
d. ACCUMULATED LOSS		
7.11.10 2000		USD
	As at	
pening balance	31 March 2025 31	
urrent year profit / (loss)	(2,10,513)	(1,71,141)
	(33,300)	(39,372)
	(2,43,812)	(2,10,513)

7. OTHER PAYABLES			US
		As a	nt
Accruals		31 March 2025 3	1 March 202
		25,573	16,950
Other payables to group companies		16,138	16,138
		41,711	33,088
			USI
As at March 31, 2025	241	Disputed	
Provisions	Others	dues	Total
Not due	25,573		25,573
less than 1 years		-	
1 to 2 years	-	•	
2 to 3 years	10 100	-	
more than 3 years	16,138	•	16,138
	41,711	•	41,711
			USD
A		Disputed	
As at March 31, 2024	Others	dues	Total
Provisions	16,949		16,949
Not due	=		
less than 1 years 1 to 2 years			
2 to 3 years	16,138	~	16,138
more than 3 years		-	•
war o your o	33,087	•	
	33,087	-	33,087
B. EXPENSES			USD
		Year end	
Audit fees	3	1 March 2025 31	March 2024
		2,750	2,400
Professional charges Bank charges		18,900	32,834
icance and registration for			40
icence and registration fees	_	11,650	4,098
). TAX		33,300	39,372
he Company has been astablished as a Col			

The Company has been established as a Category 1 Global Business Licence company under the Financial Services Act 2007 and is taxable at the rate of 15% for the year ended 31 March 2025. However, the Company is entitled to a tax credit equivalent to the higher of the actual tax suffered on its foreign source of income or 80% of the Mauritian tax. No provision for tax has been made in the financial statements due to the availability of tax losses.

10. LOSS PER SHARE

The loss per share is based on loss for the year of USD 33,300 (Previous year : USD 39,372) and on 100 ordinary shares in issue.



11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks that are associated with the financial instruments in which it invests and markets in which it operates. The following is a summary of the main risks:

Credit risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk

At 31 March 2025, the Company did not have any concentration of such risk,other than intercompany balances.

Liquidity risk

At 31 March 2025, the Company did not have any liquidity risk

Fair values

The Company's other assets and liabilities include cash and cash equivalents and accruals which are realised or settled within a short period of time. The carrying amounts of these other assets and liabilities approximate their fair values.

Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

List of related Parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

Name of thr related party	Relationship
Prime Focus Limited	Parent
PF World Limited	Parent
DNEG Sarl	Fellow Group Company
PF Investment Limited	Fellow Group Company

Related Party Transaction During the Year

USD

	March 31,	
Payments made by	2025	2024
PF World Limited	24 677	20.000
Investment in feature films assigned to	24,677	32,936
PF World Limited		2 70 00 000
Proceeds from issuance of preference shares		3,70,00,000
PF World Limited		5,00,000



Closing Balance

	March	31,
Receivable from / (Payable to)	2025	2024
PF Investment Limited Prime Focus Limited PF World Limited	(13.456) (2,682) 2,44,25,385	(13,456 (2,682 2,44,50,062

ARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

As per our report of even date For V. Shivkumar & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 112781W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

V. Shivkumar (Proprietor)

Membership No. 042673

Mumbai May 16, 2025

UDIN: 25042673BMGHGI5211